

LAB APPLIANCE FABRICATION REQUIREMENTS

SPLINTS

General Guidelines

Prescriptions

Please provide complete and signed Rx with every case.

Impressions

- Accurate impressions with any kind of impression material are acceptable.
- Impressions must adequately reflect **all relevant** anatomy.
- Impressions material **must not** be separating from the impression tray.
- Consider pouring your models right away if your impressions are moisture, temperature or time sensitive.
- Impressions sensitive to moisture content should be wrapped in a damp paper towel and placed in a sealed plastic bag if models are not poured immediately.
- Only metal impression trays and those with PVS impression material will be returned.
- The nature of impression materials currently on the market may contribute to common model problems encountered in the laboratory. Have you ever encountered porosity (bubbles, voids) or poor surface quality? Plaster or stone mixes are water based and they interact with impression surfaces in a water-like manner. Liquids placed on solid surfaces will be either attracted to, or repelled from that surface in varying degrees. Please be aware when selecting impression material if it is hydrophilic or hydrophobic:
 - **Hydrophilic:** is attracted to or can be wetted by water.
 - **Hydrophobic:** is when liquid is repelled, or fails to bond with liquids.

Polyvinyl siloxane (PVS) options can be hydrophobic or hydrophilic. Alginate is hydrophilic.

- There are advantages and disadvantages to these impression options but there are products on the market to help reduce the disadvantages. Surfactants and debubbler sprays can be used to lower surface tension between surfaces making the impression material more hydrophilic and assure a better impression result.
- Great Lakes carries ACU-Flow™ a PVS impression material which is hydrophilic and requires NO surfactant spray for surface tension reduction, eliminating bubble formation. Surfactants must be used properly and excess surfactant should not be allowed to pool in the cusp tips. This can cause loose, sandy-like cusp tips. Excess surfactant needs to be blown out leaving a wet look only before pouring.

Models

- Plaster or stone models are acceptable. Generally, the durability of the stone is preferred.
- Models should be reasonably trimmed, yet sufficiently thick for strength considerations.

- No horse shoe shaped models; all models should have bases of at least 7mm in the thinnest area.
- Bases will be added as necessary for an additional fee to the models without bases, or lacking adequate base thickness or strength.
- Please indicate if your model must be duplicated, as work models may get damaged during appliance fabrication process.

Bite Records

- Please package bite registrations carefully.
- Bite records **must not** be left between models for shipment to the lab.
- Dedicated packaging should be considered for brittle materials such as Delar wax.
- Please identify the nature and the intent of each bite record, if more than one is being supplied.
- Please consider mounting the maxillary model, before sending it to the lab, for those cases requiring mounting. Sending such items as face bows, bite forks and mounting jigs through the mail often results in unreliable mountings.

Articulators

We use the following articulators and their accessories in our laboratory:

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| • SAM 1, SAM 2, SAM 3 | • Hanau |
| • Danar | • Stratos 200 |
| • Panadent | • Artex |
| • Whip Mix | • Kavo |

Please consider that fully mounted models may not transfer perfectly from your articulator to the one in the lab.

Materials and Components

- (*) Biocryl resin: Cold Cure Acrylic MMA (Methyl methacrylate)
- Clear Biocryl: Thermo formable PETG (Polyethylene terephthalate glycol)
- Colored/patterned Biocryl: Thermo formable PVC (Polyvinyl chloride)
- Splint Biocryl: Thermo formable PETG
- Triad® (Visible Light Cure)
- Mouthguard material: Thermo formable EVA (Ethylene vinyl acetate)
- (*) Duraloy: Cobalt/Chromium Alloy
- (*) Stainless Steel: Chromium/Nickel Alloy
- (*) NiTi: Nickel Titanium Alloy
- TMA: Titanium/Molybdenum Alloy
- Menzanium: Nickel-free Stainless Alloy
- (*) Silver Solder

() Material is potentially allergy causing in sensitive patients.*

Occlusal Splint (Standard)

Technical Requirements

- Stone models are preferred.
- Opposing model is required.
- Mounted models are preferred or upper mounted only and bite registration.
- Treatment-specific bite record is recommended.
 - If more than one bite record is provided please identify each bite record.
 - Arbitrary Centric Occlusion will be used if no bite record is provided.

Default Materials

- Clear Splint Biocryl and Clear Cold Cure Acrylic.
 - Veriflex™, Durasoft with Cold Cure, Cold Cure only, or Clear Splint Biocryl only, may be used when requested or when technologically necessary.
 - Reinforcement mesh, polyester or metal may be added upon request.
- Stainless Steel clasps and reinforcement bars.

Practical Considerations

- Face bow mounted models are likely to result in fewer occlusal adjustments to the splint.
- Consider mounting just the maxillary model.
 - We will complete the mounting of the lower model to your bite record.
- Consider not sending face bows or transfer jigs, as these do not travel well.
- Consider the vertical dimension of the bite record.
 - Avoid perforation of the bite record.
 - Splint will require more adjustments, if the lab is forced to alter the bite record.
 - Ideal clearance at first contact (usually in the posterior) is at least 1.5mm.
- Index model base well for durable articulation.
- Consider using better, non-alginate impression materials.
 - Due to the extensive plastic-to-tooth contact, splints are very vulnerable to even minor model inaccuracy.
- Consider clasping for controlled retention.
 - We will add clasps if deemed necessary.
- Protrusive bites can be sent to set the condylar inclination of the articulator. Lab standard articulator settings are 20° inclination and 5° Bennett.

Occlusal Splint (Digital)

Technical Requirements

- Stone models are preferred.
- Opposing model is required.
- Treatment-specific bite record is recommended.
 - If more than one bite record is provided please identify each bite record.
 - Arbitrary Centric Occlusion will be used if no bite record is provided.
- If providing mounted models:

- Currently only SAM and Denar mounted cases (magnetic and screw-on) are accepted for digital fabrication.
- Mounting portion of the models should preferably be full thickness and not “hourglass” shaped.
- Mounting stone must be used and not mounting plaster.

Default Materials

- Clear Splint Biocryl and Clear Cold Cure Acrylic
 - Veriflex™, Durasoft with Cold Cure, Cold Cure only, or Clear Splint Biocryl only, may be used when requested or when technologically necessary.
 - Reinforcement metal or polyester mesh may be added upon request.
- Stainless Steel clasps

Practical Considerations

- Face bow mounted models are likely to result in fewer occlusal adjustments to the splint.
- All non-mounted models intended for digital splint fabrication, will be mounted for the benefit of digital scanning and milling.
 - These mountings will appear incorrect when attached to a conventional articulator.
- Consider mounting just the maxillary model.
 - We will complete the mounting of the lower model to your bite record.
- Consider not sending face bows or transfer jigs, as these do not travel well.
- Consider the vertical dimension of the bite record.
 - Avoid perforation of the bite record.
 - Splint will require more adjustments, if the lab is forced to alter the bite record.
 - Ideal clearance at first tooth contact (usually in the posterior) is at least 1.5mm.
- Index model bases well for durable articulation.
- Consider better, non-alginate impression materials.
 - Due to the extensive plastic to tooth contact, splints are very vulnerable to even minor model inaccuracy.
- Consider clasping for controlled retention.
 - We will add clasps if deemed necessary.
- Protrusive bites can be sent to set the condylar inclination of the articulator if the case is fully mounted or upper mounted model only is sent by your office. Lab standard software articulator settings are 20° inclination and 5° Bennett.